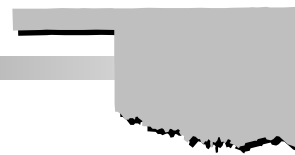


OKLAHOMA



CANCER BURDEN

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that¹

■ 1,368,030 new cancer cases will be diagnosed in the United States, including 18,540 in Oklahoma.

■ 563,700 cancer deaths will occur in the United States, including 7,640 in Oklahoma.

The average annual age-adjusted death rate for cancer per 100,000 persons²

Oklahoma: 206.2 **National:** 199.8

LUNG CANCER

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that¹

■ 2,570 new cases of lung cancer will be diagnosed among men and women in Oklahoma.

■ 2,370 men and women will die of lung cancer in Oklahoma.

The CDC National Center for Health Statistics provides the following death rates:

The average annual age-adjusted death rates for lung cancer per 100,000 persons, by race, 1997–2001^{2,3}

| | Oklahoma | National |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Overall | 65.2 | 56.2 |
| White | 66.7 | 56.2 |
| Black | 68.2 | 65.2 |
| Hispanic | 37.8 | 24.9 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 30.6 | 28.2 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 43.3 | 36.3 |

BREAST CANCER

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that¹

■ 2,910 new cases of breast cancer will be diagnosed among women in Oklahoma.

■ 540 women will die of breast cancer in Oklahoma.

The CDC National Center for Health Statistics provides the following death rates:

The average annual age-adjusted death rates for breast cancer per 100,000 persons, by race, 1997–2001^{2,3}

| | Oklahoma | National |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Overall | 26.4 | 27.0 |
| White | 26.4 | 26.4 |
| Black | 38.7 | 35.4 |
| Hispanic | 15.6 | 17.2 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | - | 12.6 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 15.9 | 13.6 |

Visit <http://www.cdc.gov/cancer/npcr/index.htm> —

United States Cancer Statistics — for more information on top cancer sites by geographic area, race, and gender.

COLORECTAL CANCER

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that¹

■ 2,070 new cases of colorectal cancer will be diagnosed among men and women in Oklahoma.

■ 800 men and women will die of colorectal cancer in Oklahoma.

The CDC National Center for Health Statistics provides the following death rates:

The average annual age-adjusted death rates for colorectal cancer per 100,000 persons, by race, 1997–2001^{2,3}

| | Oklahoma | National |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Overall | 20.9 | 20.8 |
| White | 20.4 | 20.3 |
| Black | 34.1 | 28.3 |
| Hispanic | 14.1 | 14.2 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | - | 13.0 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 19.4 | 13.9 |

PROSTATE CANCER

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that¹

■ 2,620 new cases of prostate cancer will be diagnosed among men in Oklahoma.

■ 340 men will die of prostate cancer in Oklahoma.

The CDC National Center for Health Statistics provides the following death rates:

The average annual age-adjusted death rates for prostate cancer per 100,000 men, by race, 1997–2001^{2,3}

| | Oklahoma | National |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Overall | 29.6 | 31.5 |
| White | 28.1 | 28.8 |
| Black | 72.0 | 70.4 |
| Hispanic | - | 23.6 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | - | 13.0 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 19.7 | 20.2 |

¹ Source: American Cancer Society Facts and Figures, 2004. Estimates exclude more than a million cases of basal and squamous cell skin cancers and *in situ* cancers, except urinary bladder, that will be diagnosed in 2004. Lung cancer rates include bronchus cancer. State death totals were rounded to nearest 10.

² Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics, vital statistics data, underlying cause of death, 1997–2001. Death rates are per 100,000 and are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population.

³ Hyphens represent suppression of rates when there were 75,000 or fewer persons in the denominator or 20 or fewer deaths in the numerator.